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Title 22@ Social Security

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Division 5@ Licensing and Certification of Health Facilities, Home Health Agencies, Clinics, and Referral Agencies

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Chapter 1@ General Acute Care Hospitals

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Article 6@ Supplemental Services

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Section 70603@ Rehabilitation Center Space

70603 Rehabilitation Center Space

(a)

Rehabilitation beds shall be in a designated area of the hospital and shall be included in the licensed bed capacity of the hospital.

(b)

The following structural features shall be provided in the rehabilitation service area: (1) Flooring in rehabilitation areas, while selected for appearance, durability and ease of cleaning and maintenance, shall also be selected and maintained to minimize slipping hazards. (2) Architectural barriers as defined in Specifications for Making Buildings and Facilities Accessible and Usable by the Physically Handicapped, A-117.1 1961 (reaffirmed 1971) by the American National Standards Institute, Inc., 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018, shall have alternate means of access such as ramps. (3) Sturdy handrails shall be provided on both sides of ramps and stairs in areas used by physically handicapped patients. (4) Grab bars on both sides of toilets and supports shall be provided in patient bathrooms so that physically disabled patients may use toilet, handwashing and bathing facilities with minimal or no assistance. (5) Doors and doorways. (A) Doors to be used by ambulatory and wheelchair patients shall be at least 1.1 meters (three feet, eight inches) wide. Doors 0.9 meter (three feet) wide may be permitted at individual toilet rooms adjacent to patient bedrooms. (B) Thresholds at doorways shall be flush with the floor. (C) There should be at least two doors

of entry and exit from group activity areas, i.e., craft and workshops. All such exit doors shall be equipped with panic bars. (D) Doors shall not obstruct wheelchair patients' access to toilets and other patient areas. (6) Bathing facilities. (A) Bathtubs shall be of standard height. There shall be access on both sides and one end of bathtub to allow personnel to work on either side or end of tub. (B) Shower stalls shall have minimum dimensions of at least 1.2 meters (four feet), be equipped with handrails and curtains and be designed for easy accessibility. The floor shall be sloped to provide drainage. (7) There shall be at least one training toilet area in each patient unit with minimum dimensions of 1.5 meters (five feet) and 1.8 meters (six feet). (8) Drinking fountains shall be located conveniently in nursing units, treatment areas and the lobby. Fountains shall be usable by wheelchair patients. (9) Telephones shall be accessible to and usable by wheelchair patients. (10) All rooms shall contain a minimum of 10 square meters (110 square feet) of usable floor space per bed with greater space provided for special needs such as circ-o-lectric beds. (11) Beds of adjustable height, preferably electrically operated, adequate to the needs of the service shall be provided. Beds shall be adjustable to the heights of wheelchair seats for use in patient transfer. (12) A mirror with overhead light, so arranged as to be easily usable by handicapped patients in wheelchairs, shall be provided in patient rooms. (13) Dining and lounge or recreation area. (A) Space for group dining shall be provided in a minimum amount of at least 2 square meters (20 square feet) per licensed bed for adults and/or children beyond the crib age. (B) Space for group recreation or patients lounge shall be provided in the same space ratio as the dining area. (C) Dining and recreation areas shall be equipped with appropriate height tables to accommodate patients in wheelchairs. (14) Suitable space shall be provided for staff conferences, patient evaluation and progress

reports. (15) Classroom space. (16) An examining room equipped with furnishings, equipment and supplies adjacent or readily accessible to the office of the physician in charge of the outpatient service. (17) A waiting room area with coat or locker space, drinking fountain, telephone and men and women toilet facilities in or adjacent to the rehabilitation outpatient service area. (18) Access to an outside area to be used in therapeutic procedures for patients.

(1)

Flooring in rehabilitation areas, while selected for appearance, durability and ease of cleaning and maintenance, shall also be selected and maintained to minimize slipping hazards.

(2)

Architectural barriers as defined in Specifications for Making Buildings and Facilities Accessible and Usable by the Physically Handicapped, A-117.1 1961 (reaffirmed 1971) by the American National Standards Institute, Inc., 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018, shall have alternate means of access such as ramps.

(3)

Sturdy handrails shall be provided on both sides of ramps and stairs in areas used by physically handicapped patients.

(4)

Grab bars on both sides of toilets and supports shall be provided in patient bathrooms so that physically disabled patients may use toilet, handwashing and bathing facilities with minimal or no assistance.

(5)

Doors and doorways. (A) Doors to be used by ambulatory and wheelchair patients shall be at least 1.1 meters (three feet, eight inches) wide. Doors 0.9 meter (three feet) wide may be permitted at individual toilet rooms adjacent to patient bedrooms. (B)

Thresholds at doorways shall be flush with the floor. (C) There should be at least two doors of entry and exit from group activity areas, i.e., craft and workshops. All such exit doors shall be equipped with panic bars. (D) Doors shall not obstruct wheelchair patients' access to toilets and other patient areas.

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Doors to be used by ambulatory and wheelchair patients shall be at least 1.1 meters (three feet, eight inches) wide. Doors 0.9 meter (three feet) wide may be permitted at individual toilet rooms adjacent to patient bedrooms.

(B)

Thresholds at doorways shall be flush with the floor.

(C)

There should be at least two doors of entry and exit from group activity areas, i.e., craft and workshops. All such exit doors shall be equipped with panic bars.

(D)

Doors shall not obstruct wheelchair patients' access to toilets and other patient areas.

(6)

Bathing facilities. (A) Bathtubs shall be of standard height. There shall be access on both sides and one end of bathtub to allow personnel to work on either side or end of tub. (B) Shower stalls shall have minimum dimensions of at least 1.2 meters (four feet), be equipped with handrails and curtains and be designed for easy accessibility. The floor shall be sloped to provide drainage.

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(B)

Shower stalls shall have minimum dimensions of at least 1.2 meters (four feet), be equipped

with handrails and curtains and be designed for easy accessibility. The floor shall be sloped to provide drainage.

(7)

There shall be at least one training toilet area in each patient unit with minimum dimensions of 1.5 meters (five feet) and 1.8 meters (six feet).

(8)

Drinking fountains shall be located conveniently in nursing units, treatment areas and the lobby. Fountains shall be usable by wheelchair patients.

(9)

Telephones shall be accessible to and usable by wheelchair patients.

(10)

All rooms shall contain a minimum of 10 square meters (110 square feet) of usable floor space per bed with greater space provided for special needs such as electric beds.

(11)

Beds of adjustable height, preferably electrically operated, adequate to the needs of the service shall be provided. Beds shall be adjustable to the heights of wheelchair seats for use in patient transfer.

(12)

A mirror with overhead light, so arranged as to be easily usable by handicapped patients in wheelchairs, shall be provided in patient rooms.

(13)

Dining and lounge or recreation area. (A) Space for group dining shall be provided in a minimum amount of at least 2 square meters (20 square feet) per licensed bed for adults and/or children beyond the crib age. (B) Space for group recreation or patients lounge shall be provided in the same space ratio as the dining area. (C) Dining and

recreation areas shall be equipped with appropriate height tables to accommodate patients in wheelchairs.

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Space for group recreation or patients lounge shall be provided in the same space ratio as the dining area.

(C)

Dining and recreation areas shall be equipped with appropriate height tables to accommodate patients in wheelchairs.

(14)

Suitable space shall be provided for staff conferences, patient evaluation and progress reports.

(15)

Classroom space.

(16)

An examining room equipped with furnishings, equipment and supplies adjacent or readily accessible to the office of the physician in charge of the outpatient service.

(17)

A waiting room area with coat or locker space, drinking fountain, telephone and men and women toilet facilities in or adjacent to the rehabilitation outpatient service area.

(18)

Access to an outside area to be used in therapeutic procedures for patients.